

M242 Q5(c) (S. Zhang) (8 points). Name: _____

1. Find

$$\int \frac{-2x^2 + 3x - 8}{(x - 2)(x^2 + 1)} dx$$

• **ans:** Partial fractions:

$$\frac{A}{x - 2} + \frac{Bx + C}{x^2 + 1}$$

$$-2x^2 + 3x - 8 = A(x^2 + 1) + (Bx + C)(x - 2)$$

$$x = 2, \quad -2(4) + 3(2) - 8 = A5, \quad A = -2$$

$$x = 0, \quad -8 = A + C(-2), \quad 2C = 8 + A, \quad C = 3$$

Compare coefficients of x^2

$$-2 = A + B, \quad B = -2 - A = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{-2x^2 + 3x - 8}{(x - 2)(x^2 + 1)} dx &= \int \frac{-2}{x - 2} dx + \int \frac{3}{x^2 + 1} dx \\ &= -2 \ln |x - 2| + 3 \tan^{-1} x + C \end{aligned}$$