

## Math 351- HOMEWORK 2

Due Monday, September 22

1. Find the general solution of the following linear equations

(a)  $\frac{dy}{dx} + x^2y = 0$

(b)  $\frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{y}{x} = xe^x$

(c)  $t^2\frac{dy}{dt} + 3ty = \frac{1}{t}$

(d)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^2}{1 - 2xy}$  (Hint: consider  $x$  as the unknown function of  $y$ )

2. Solve the following initial value problems. How does the solution behave as  $t \rightarrow +\infty$ ?

(a)  $y' + 2ty = 2t, \quad y(0) = 1$

(b)  $ty' + 2y = t^2 - t + 1, \quad y(1) = \frac{1}{2}$

(c)  $xy' + y = e^x, \quad y(1) = 1$

3. Solve the following Bernoulli's equations

(a)  $xy' - 2y = x^3y^2$

(b)  $\sqrt{y}(3y' + y) = x$

4. Consider an insulated box (a building, perhaps) with internal temperature  $u(t)$ . According to the Newton's cooling law,  $u$  satisfies the differential equation

$$\frac{du}{dt} = -k(u - T(t)), \quad k \text{ is a positive constant}$$

where  $T(t)$  is the ambient temperature which we assume varies sinusoidally, i.e.  $T(t) = 32 + 5 \cos t$ . The initial temperature of the box is  $u(0) = 75$  (degree). Find  $u(t)$ . Describe the behavior of  $u(t)$  as  $t$  becomes large.