

**Home work 2. (Due September 24, 2008)**  
Math 353 Section 12, Fall 2008, University of Delaware

**MatLab Exercises**

1. Write MatLab program to approximate the derivatives of the following functions at the given point. You have to use at least three different formulas. Make a table of the error and determine the optimal step size.

(a)

$$f(x) = 60x^{45} - 32x^{33} + 233x^5 - 47x^2 - 77, \quad x_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \quad f''(x_0) - ?$$

(b)

$$f(x) = \tan\left(\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{5} + \sin x}{1 + x^2}\right)\right), \quad x_0 = \frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{3}, \quad f'(x_0) - ?$$

(c)

$$f(x) = x\sqrt{x}, \quad f'(0) - ?$$

(d)

$$f(x) = x^{x^x}, \quad f'(0.0001) - ?$$

2. Exercise 5.1.5. (Computer Problems)

**Exercises.**

1. Exercise 5.1.1.
2. Exercise 5.1.5.
3. Exercise 5.1.8.
4. Exercise 5.1.11.
5. Exercise 5.1.12.
6. *Partial differentiation formulas.* Finite difference formulas can be adapted to partial derivatives. Example:

$$f_x(x, y) = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x, y) \approx \frac{f(x+h, y) - f(x-h, y)}{2h}, \quad f_y(x, y) = \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x, y) \approx \frac{f(x, y+h) - f(x, y-h)}{2h}.$$

Let  $f(x, y) = 2xy/(x+y)$ . Calculate approximations to  $f_x(2, 1)$  and  $f_y(2, 1)$  using the above defined formulas with  $h = 0.1, 0.01$  and  $0.001$ . Compare it with true values.